Performance against National Health and Wellbeing Indicators

Indicators 1-9 are measured using the National Health and Care Experience Survey disseminated by the Scottish Government every two years. The latest one was completed in 2019-20.

The methodology was changed by Scottish Government for the 2019-20 survey, on how the responses included in these results are filtered, therefore it is not accurate to compare longitudinally. This is because the question which allow the Scottish Government to ascertain which respondents receive care / support from the Health and Social Care Partnerships was changed and the interpretation of these questions is subjective and varies per respondent.

| National Indicator Source: Core Suite of Integration Indicators | 2015-16 Dundee | 2015-16 Scotland | 2017-18 Dundee | 2017-18 Scotland | 2019-20 Dundee | 2019-20 Scotland | 2021-22 Dundee | 2021-22 Scotland | Comparison with Scotland 2021-22 |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---|
| Percentage of adults able to look after their health very well or quite well | 93% | 94% | 93% | 93% | 92 % | 93% | 89% | 91% | |
| 2. Percentage of adults supported at home who agreed that they are supported to live as independently as possible | 88% | 84% | 84% | 81% | 79% | 81% | 84% | 79% | |
| 3. Percentage of adults supported at home who agreed that they had a say in how their help, care, or support was provided | 79 % | 79 % | 78% | 76% | 73% | 75% | 75% | 71% | |
| 4. Percentage of adults supported at home who agreed that their health and social care services seemed to be well coordinated | 76% | 75% | 81% | 74% | 72% | 74% | 78% | 66% | |

| | | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
|----|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------------|-----|-----|-------------------------|
| 5. | Percentage of adults receiving any care or support who rate it as excellent or good | 84% | 81% | 82% | 80% | 75% | 80% | 84% | 75% | |
| 6. | Percentage of people with positive experience of care at their GP practice | 90% | 87% | 84% | 83% | 79% | 79 % | 67% | 67% | $ \Longleftrightarrow $ |
| 7. | Percentage of adults supported at home who agree that their services and support had an impact on improving or maintaining their quality of life | 88% | 84% | 85% | 80% | 77% | 80% | 72% | 78% | Ļ |
| 8. | Percentage of carers who feel supported to continue in their caring role | 44% | 41% | 38% | 37% | 35% | 34% | 27% | 30% | Ļ |
| 9. | Percentage of adults supported at home who agreed they felt safe | 85% | 84% | 87% | 83% | 82% | 83% | 77% | 80% | Ļ |

| National Indicator Source: Core Suite of Integration Indicators | 2015-16 Dundee (Scotland) | 2016-17 Dundee (Scotland) | 2017-18 Dundee (Scotland) | 2018-19 Dundee (Scotland) | 2019-20 Dundee (Scotland) | 2020-21 Dundee (Scotland) | 2021-22 Dundee (Scotland) | Comparison with Scotland |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 11. Premature mortality rate (per 100,000 people aged under 75) | 546 (441) | 572 (440) | 554 (425) | 539 (432) | 542 (426) | 604 (457) | N/A*** | N/A |
| 12. Emergency admission rate (per 100,000 people aged 18+) | 12,168 (12,281) | 12,425 (12,215) | 12,815 (12,192) | 12,703 (12,195) | 12,464 (12,525) | 11,640 (10,952) | 12,320* (11,636*) | Ļ |
| 13. Emergency bed day rate (per 100,000 people aged 18+) | 146,192 (128,630) | 141,439 (126,945) | 135,284 (115,518) | 125,377 (116,485) | 114,630 (118,574) | 95,744 (101,115) | 105,538* (109,429*) | |
| 14. Readmission to acute hospital within 28 days of discharge rate (per 1,000 population) | 122 (98) | 127 (101) | 127 (103) | 129 (103) | 128 (105) | 152 (120) | 139* (110)* | Ļ |
| 15. Proportion of last 6 months of life spent at home or in a community setting | 87% (87%) | 87% (87%) | 89% (88%) | 89% (88%) | 90% (88%) | 91% (90%) | 92% (90%) | |
| 16. Falls rate per 1,000 population aged 65+ | 25 (22) | 26 (22) | 29 (23) | 31 (22) | 31 (23) | 32 (22) | 32 (23) | |
| 17. Proportion of care services graded 'good' (4) or better in Care Inspectorate inspections | 88% (83%) | 86% (84%) | 85% (85%) | 86% (82%) | 80% (82%) | 80% (82%) | 74 (76%) | Ļ |
| 18. Percentage of adults with intensive care needs receiving care at home*** | 50% (61%) | 54% (62%) | 54% (61%) | 59% (62%) | 58% (63%) | 60% (63%) | 63% (65%) | Ļ |

| 19. Percentage of days people spend in hospital when they are ready to be discharged, per 1,000 population | 832 (915) | 754 (841) | 349 (762) | 372 (793) | 443 (774) | 327 (484) | 799 (761) | Ļ |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----|
| 20. Percentage of health and care resource spent on hospital stays where the patient was admitted in an emergency | 28% (24%) | 27% (24%) | 27% (25%) | 26% (24%) | 24% (24%) | N/A | N/A | N/A |

*The primary source of data for these indicators are Scottish Morbidity Records (SMRs) which are nationally collected discharge-based hospital records. In accordance with recommendations made by Public Health Scotland (PHS) and communicated to all Health and Social Care Partnerships, the most recent reporting period available is calendar year 2021; this ensures that these indicators are based on the most complete and robust data currently available.

**National data for Indicators 10, 21-23 are not available.

*** Calendar year data

